BIG FRAUDS HAVE BEEN UNEARTHED.

Collusion of Government Clerks is Suspected.

FRAUDULENT TIME CHECKS.

The Government Not Responsible for the Less But a Searching Investigation Will Be Ordered-An Ex-Officer Under Guard.

WASHINGTON, March 22.-Information has reached the government through a number of banks at St. Paul, Minn., that during the past year and more these and other near by banks have geen made the victims of collossal frauds through the suspected collusion of government clerks connected with the commission having in charge the improvements on the suspect of t

upper Mississippi river. Full details of the affair have not yet reached the government, but the state-ments submitted by the banks indicate that \$300,000 or more has been procured from them through fraudulent time checks for services never performed.

THE SIGNATURE.
Copies of some of these time checks are said to be signed by J. H. Southall, chief clerk of the United States Engineer's office at St. Paul, and are dated at different times during the year 1897.

Others, it is understood, are dated in

upon to the extent indicated, and why upon to the extent indicated, and why
the checks have been withheld until this
time, cannot be even conjectured.

It is understood that the banks will
make a claim for reimbursement, but the
law is said here to be clearly against the
contention. The Government will begin
a searching investigation at once into the

AMOUNT UNKNOWN.

AMOUNT UNKNOWN.

ST. PAUL, MINN., March 22.—Just how reat the loss through the Government ac check fraud may prove to be cannot known until an examination of the to the Engineering Department has what checks are good and which

what checks are good and which shows, use are fall outhall had been employed by the J. H. & un for more than fifteen years Government months ago. At that time he up to six position of chief clerk in the resigned the Department in this city. The Engineering, were often bought up in time checks by speculators, were cashed large numbers and were held until the by the banks, prepared to meet the Government was it would receive a rebills, when South, in Washington, and mittance direct from money in his own would then deposit to be checks with his name and take up to doing this for a individual checks. By his signature beperied of fifteen years, who to all the came perfectly well king his credit with banks in this vicinity, and the government back of the paper that the Government back of the paper that the Government bond.

Of the \$500,000 or \$400,000 wort, of time checks known to be outstanding probably less than one-fourth was held by banks, and some of this was held by then, for individuals. The checks are understood to be held all over the country, and it will be some time before the full amount can be learned. J. H. Southall is to night at his home

in St. Anthony Park, under charge of a detective, although it is stated that he has not been formally arrested.

F IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED.

A Change Likely to Be Made in the Money Order System.

That feature of the money order system which permits a sender to waive identifi-cation will very likely be changed within a short time. It is believed by some that this feature is contrary to law, and it is understood an investigation is now being made of the law to determine the ques-tion. If it is, the right of a person to made of the law to determine the ques-tion. If it is, the right of a person to waive identification will be immediately denied. If, on the other hand, it is found there is ample warrant of law for such a practice, a bill will be introduced in Cou-gress which will abolish the practice.

Those who have this subject directly under consideration agree that this ele-ment of fraud should be removed. It was to the recently developed frauds in con-nection with spoiled money orders that this matter was brought fairly before the authorities. Had the thief not been able to waive identification it would have been much harder for him to obtain the money.

The department even new is engaged in closing the accounts of a postmistress into trouble because of who got into trouble occasion feature of the system. It appears her father, a good-for-nothing drunkard, had such an influence over her that he practically ran the office. He began pilfering, and the postoffice inspector found him

When he found he was trapped he filled out a number of money orders payable to himself without identification at a num-ber of postoffices along the road and skipped. He collected \$2.400, which he spent before being apprehended. It was claimed when the Postoffice Department sought to close the account that the Desought to close the account that the De-partment was lax in permitting the inspector when he knew of the wrongdoing of the man to leave the office open, when he should have taken charge of it and closed it. The Department acknowledges that it erred, and is now dickering for a

Money orders upon which identification is waived have been a blessing to many. Actors when on the road resort to this of saving money and buy at different points along the road money orders payable in some far western city, where they fear their company will be stranded. They could not do this with a check, be-

ause identification is required by a bank. But the system has been abused to such an extent and the government has fered so much through losses that it is about settled that in the near future no money will be paid unless the person drawing the same is identified.-Washing-

A SECTIONAL BURIAL.

Lost Both Legs and an Arm Before

He Went to Pieces.
GIRARDVILLE, PA., March 22.-After having been reported dead several times William F. Parkes, of Rappahannock, a suburb of this town, has really passed away. He died on Monday from the

effects of a complication of diseases, the result of lying unconscious one night last July on a grave in which both his legs and one arm were already buried in a coffin. Hi s funeral occurred yesterday. Parkes was born in a suburb of Detroit, Mich. and of twenty years Mich., and at the age of twenty years married Bessie Woodruff, who lived only

a year. Shortly after this he had a leg-broken by being thrown from a colt he was trying to break. Blook poison en-sued, and three amputations were per-formed, until nothing remained of the limb. Recovering from the effects of the sur

Recovering from the effects of the surgical operation, Parkes married his dead wife's sister, who nursed him during his filness, and a short time afterward the couple left for Saratogo, N. Y. The train on which they rode was wrecked. Parkes was pulled unconscious from the debris, clasping the dead and mangled body of his wife. Parkes was seriously injured, his remaining leg being so badly crushed that ft had to be amputated.

The grave containing his first leg was opened and by its side was placed the second leg.

After spending a year at the home of

after spending a year at the home of his father. Parkes recovered sufficiently to operate a wheel chair. He became a frequent visitor to the farm adjoining chat of his father. Bearding with the family was Miss Bessie White, an in-

0000000000 I Temple,

Pemberton, Cordes & Co., 7 and 9 W. Broad St.

GLACE SILKS.

For the next few days we will offer our entire stock of Glace (illuminated) Taffeta Silks, in an immense line of the newest and most o desirable shadings. Regular 85c. and \$1.00 value-

0.0000000000 lost the other from the effects of a fall down stairs. Parkes and the woman met, loved and in three months they were married. Their affection was intensified by the sympathy that each had for the other, and for two years they lived at New York and Detroit. Then the shadow of death crossed Parkes life for the third time. His last wife bore him has first child, and her will be queathed him \$25,000 with which to relieve his wants for the remainder of his life.

Thrice w idowed, Parkes returned again to his faths it's home and engaged a nurse Mrs. Maria Lawlor, to care for his baby girl. Mrs. Lawlor was young and comely, and for the fourth time Parkes fell in love. After six months the wooing ended in acceptance, and the legless man's home home was brig htened the fourth time by wrife. Parkes bought and fitted up a home was brig atened the loath due by a wife. Parkes bought and litted up a little cottage near the old homestead, and there he lived until misfortune again overtook him. While watching at the bedside of his father, who was very ill, a servant at his own cottage upset a kerosene lamp in the bedroom.

The fourth Mrs. Parkes and her child, who were asleep at the time, perished in the fire. The shock killed the elder Parkes, and the funerals of parent, wife

Parkes, and the funerals of parent, wife and child took place the same day. Parkes was lifted into a carriage after the ceremony at the three graves, and wille the graves were being filled he met with an accident in which he lost an arm. The horses took fright at a locomotive and dashing down the road competive, and dashing down the road came in collision with a tree, instantly killing the driver and throwing Mr. killing the driver and throwing Mr. Parkes from the carriage. When picked np he was unconscious, and it was found that his arm was crushed and broken in two places. It was amputated and buried with the parts of Parkes that had gone to the grave before. His next affliction was the death of his mother, who bequeathed him \$50,000 in cash and real estate valued at \$10,000.

queathed him \$50,000 in cash and real estate valued at \$10,000.

Parkes had now only part of himself to live for, and began weekly visits to the grave of his legs and arm. On the second visit he was run down by a runaway team and seriougly injured. Part of his shoulder had to be cut away to save an arm. This part was placed in the coffin with the two legs and arm. Parkes continued to be a weekly visitor to the grave, which he kept strewn with to the grave, which he kept strewn with flowers until that July day last year that he fell unconscious on the mound. Parkes left a will in which he bequeathed \$50,000 to a hospital for injured coal miners and directed that the remainder of his estate, \$20,000, be expended in a mon-ument to mark his last resting place.— New York Sun.

SWAPPING CANNON.

Rifle Guns to Go Where They Will Do the Most Good in Emergency.

PETERSBURG, VA., March 22,-Special, -Lieutenant R. C. Croxton, United States Army, on duty with the Virginia volunteers, arrived here this afternoon from Richmond, and after inspecting the four Napoleon guns and calssons here belonging to the State of Virginia, ordered them to be sent to Rich-

Lieutenant Croxton stated that the guns and caissons, after being painted and put in order, would be sent to the Soldiers Home, at Richmond, Va., to take the place of the two rifle guns now there, which are to be sent to Battery A. at

TWO KILLED BY TRAIN.

Tom and Paul Wilson Aged Respectively Sixty and Sixteen Years.

NORFOLK, VA., March 22.-Special.-Tom Wilson, sixty years old and Paul Wilson a boy sixteen years of age were killed by a Norfolk and Western train near here this evening.

Joke on the Ex-President.

Joke on the Ex-President.

INDIANAPOLIS. IND., March 21.—It seems that ex-President Harrison has been caught napping. He returned from Chicago after delivering his address on the obligations of wealth to pay its just share of taxes, to find that he had not paid his dog tax, which was due on June I last. The right of action for non-payment of taxes has lain against him since that date. The records at the comptroller's office show that the General's deficiently consists of a white spotted hunting dog and a black and white setter. The tax was paid to-day and a license issued. The General has therefore squared his practice with his principles. practice with his principles.

Visit of the Seventh Regiment.

The commissioned officers of the First Regiment, Infantry, held a called meeting at the Regimental Armory last evening, over which Colonel Henry C. Jones presided. The meeting was called to take some action in regard to a proposed visit of the Seventh Regiment of New York to this city during the coming summer. The matter was discussed in an informal manner, but no definite plan was agreed upon. ner, but no definite plan was agreed upon

Company F. First Regiment, Infantry, Virginia Volunteers, Captain Morgan R. Mills commanding, have decided to attend the lauching of the two battleships at Newport News. They will assemble at the Regimental Armory on Thursday morning at 5:30 o'clock and take the train which leaves here at 7:15 o'clock. They expect to carry sixty men.

WASHINGTON, March 22—Wheelock G. Veazey, of Vermont, formerly a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, died here to-night at 8 o'clock, Mr. Veazey from the commission about a resigned from the commission about a year ago on account of falling health.

In 1880-'91 he served as commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

THE REPORT IS ON THE ROAD,

(Continued from First Page.)

cepted until more fully tested by a heavier ship.

The wrecking contract divers have been busy on the Maine to-day raising two six-inch guns from the after cabin with great difficulty and getting ammunition from the magazine aft. In doing this the divers are compelled to go down through the turret aft in a narrow chute and then along the deck to the magazine opening. They are hable to be jammed and great care is taken.

It may be necessary to cut a hole

It may be necessary to cut a hole through the decks direct into the maga-

through the decks direct into the magazine. Moreover the divers are somewhat nervous about handling explosives.

MORTUARY REPORT.

Chaplin Chidwick has completed his mortuary report, which shows that 257 men and two officers perished in the catastronk, six successible to their intermen and two officers perished in the catastrophe, six succumbed to their injuries in the Sanambro Hospital here; one died on the Spanish transport Colon; It bodies have been recovered from the wreek, of which sixty-one have been identified; 160 have been buried in Colon cemetery and eleven at Key West.

This is the official report made public after careful correction for the first time. It is probable that many more identifications will be established when the enliatment records are compared with the

listment records are compared with the notes in Chaplain Chidwick's possession of

marks on the corpses.

To-morrow morning at 8 o'clock Bishop
Manuel Santander y Trutos, of Havana,
assisted by Chaplain Chidwick will conssisted by Chapiain Chidwick will con-cerate the Central Relief Station, in Es-

trella street.
The death of Henry Williams, one of the The death of Henry Williams, one of the diving force of the American tug Chief, of the Merritt Wrecking Company, occurred at 8 o'clock last evening, due, according to the American physician, who attended him, to chronic hemorrhage of the stomach. It was not unexpected. Mr. Williams was ill before he left the United States, The below will be sont to Key. ted States. The body will be sent to Key

RELIEF MEASURES.

The Central Relief Station in this city is feeding 12,000 persons daily. It will be formally opened to morrow, although partially in use already. The system is admirable and food is plentiful.

There are 1.0% tons of supplies now on hand or affoat. Advices from the country districts are satisfactory, and show the same conditions as have been recently. RELIEF MEASURES

the same conditions as have been recently

La Discussion to-day criticises the editorial of La Lucha, referring contemptous-ly to the charitable work of Americans in the island, a synopsis of which editorial had been cabled, and says that the editor-

the island, a synchad been cabled, and says that the editorial was inspired by hatred of the Cuban people, from whom La Lucha has derived a large part of its income.

"The editor of La Lucha," says La Discussion, knows that there are 200,000 victims of starvation, and would not care if there were as many dead. He is ignorant of the great charities maintained by the United States, and also of the gifts of supplies from the United States to other countries than, to Cuba in time of need."

La Lucha and La Discussion are politi-cal opponents and their editors are per-

sonal enemies.

NOT RELIEVED. Up to the hour of closing the cable of-ice to-night the officers of the Maine in fice to-night the officers of the Maine in Havana had not received orders to go North. All but Lieuterant-Commander Wainwright may be ordered away at any time. He has been placed officially in charge of the wrecking in progress under the contract. Captain Sigsbee and the other officers were supposed to remain only while the Court of Inquiry was in session here, and they are confident they will be ordered away before April 1st. as after that date quarantine laws against yellow fever will be enforced more rigidly than ever on account of the outbreak y than ever on account of the outbreak ast year in New Orleans and elsewhere

in the United States. Captain Sigsbee is not very well. He is anxious to go north, but of course says neithing on the subject, being willing to wait patiently for orders.

TO HAVE THREE MAINES.

Provision Made for a Number of New Ships for the Navy.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The naval appropriation bill as reported to the House to-day, carries a total of \$2,683,058 an in-crease over last year of \$3,764,532 and over the current estimates of \$2,514,824. THREE MAINES.

THREE MAINES.

For the increase of the navy the bill allows to be constructed by contract three sengoing coast line battleships designed to carry the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance, displacement 10.00 tons with the highest practicable speed for their class, to cost, exclusive of armament not exceeding \$1.000,000, each one to be named the Maine; six torpedo of armament not exceeding \$3,000,000, each one to be named the Maine; six torpedo boats 15 tons displacement and six torpedo boat destroyers about 250 tons displacement, fo cost not exceeding \$2,340,000 and one gunboat to take the place of the United States ship Michigan to cost exclusive of armament not over \$500,000 to be built on the Great Lakes. One of these seagoing battleships is to be built on the Pacific coast. The contracts for the construction of all these vessels are to be made within sixty days of the enactment of the bill.

DRY DOCKS.

Toward the construction of four tim-

Toward the construction of four tim-ber dry-docks \$230,000 each is allowed, each to be not less than 700 feet long and sufficient to meet probable future require-ments of the largest vessels. At Algiers, La., a dry-dock is to be built, but is to be a double side, steel floating type known be a double side, steel floating type known as the combined floating and graving self-docking dock, capable of lifting a vessel of 15,000 tons displacement and 27 feet draught of water, 15 cost, including moorings and wharf, \$550,000, of which \$200,000 is appropriated this year.

The bill directs the appointment of a floating type of the state of the sta

or a board of naval officers to determine the desirability of locating and constructing a dry-dock in the harbor of Galveston. Texas, and to report to Congress at the

next session.

ARMOR PLATE. Toward the armament and armor of domestic manufacture of vessels authorized under four previous acts and the present bill, including the completion of the ordnance outfit of the torpedo boat destroyers and the six topedo boats there is an item of \$5,458,900, the total cost of the armor, according to the plans and specifications already prepared for the three battleships authorized by the act of June 10, 1896, not to exceed \$3,210,000. The total allowed for the pay of the Navy

s \$9,125,460. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to enlist at any time after the passage of the bill as many additional men as may be necessary to man the ships in commission, provided that the total number of men and boys in the general service and under training shall not exceed 12,750 men and 1,000 boys.

THE WORK AT FORT MONROE.

New Mortar Batteries Nearly Complete

A Battery on the Rip Kaps. NORFOLK, VA., March 22.—Special.— The new mortar batteries at Fort Mon-roe will be completed within ten days. The range circles will be connected in a short time after the guns are installed in

the emplacements.

A new battery, consisting of four teninch guns will be placed in position just
a short distance north of the present one
This will increase the number of ten-inch
guns at that point to seven—all mounted behind concrete emplacements from 7) to 100 feet thick.

THORNS TO SIT UPON.

Many people gather thorns by falling to heed the warning sent out by diseased kidneys—coated tongue—parched skin—feverianness—dull dragging pains—era: feeling of weariness—is sure evidence of kidney and bladder trouble. Take Utah Kidney Beans at once—they will cure you—they have cured thousands of others, THE TURNERS of Philadelphia, make Utah Kidney Beans.

E. B. Sammels. County Cierk of Hickman County. Clinton, Ky., testifes that he suffered for years with horrible pains in the back, kidneys and bladder—was treated by many physicians—they gave him no relief—he got so that he could hardly stand alone—Utah Kidney Beans, he says, completely cured him. He gladly recommends them to all sufferers.

Richmond Agents:

ANDREW G. BRIGGS.
A. S. BRIGGS.
E. P. REEVE & CO.
A. H. ROBINS.
WM. H. SCOTT.
M. FILL SEAY.
TURNER'S LITTLE LIVER TURNERS

TURNER'S LITTLE LIVER TURNERS

A very small pill. Turns your liver. A true laxative. An after-dinner pill. These guns would command not only the main channel, but also the shoal water, which is out of the range of the guns of the fort. This battery, to-gether with the new ten-inch batteries, will render Fort Monroe practically im-

Officers of the army and navy, as well as of the volunteer organizations, while guarded in expression, are apparently becoming convinced that war is almost inevitable, and the gravity of their demeanor indicates this. The extensive preparations made by the government for the defence of this harbor, the mountains of cups the preparations for the ing of guns, the preparations for sinking of torpedoes and similar gives color to the presumption that gives color to the presumption that the government really expects war.

ADMIRAL SICARD TO RETIRE?

A Report That He Has Been Before the

Board-His Probable Successor, KEY WEST, March 22.—It is reported that Rear-Admiral Steard has been be-fore the board of retirement on the cruiser New York and will probably be relieved of his command on account of physical disability. The Marbiehead has arrived from Port Tampa via the Tor-tugas, after supplying the Massachusetts with ammunition.

with ammunition.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—In view of the possible retirement of Rear-Admiral Sleard on account of ill health there is considerable speculation as to his prob-

able successor.

There is an abundance of excellent material for the selection of a new commander of the North Atlantic Squadron mander of the North Atlantic Squadron, including Rear Admiral Bunce, commandant of the New York Navy Yard and Commodore J. A. Howell recently in command of the European Squadron. Other officers of slightest lower rank who are mentioned as likely of selection to the command of the home station are Commodore W. S. Schley, now on duty in the city as President of the lighthouse board and Captain W. Sampcon, commanding the lowa.

In view of the circumstances it is more

In view of the circumstances it is more than likely that the matter will be set-tled immediately upon receipt of the re-port of the Board of Survey, which will be submitted before the end of the week.

THE RODGERS TRIAL.

The Members of the Board Refused to Tell the Result.

Tell the Result.

NORFOLK, VA., March 22,—Special.—
The torpedo boat Rodgers with Commander Emery and the official trial board left the navy bard at 9:15 o'clock this morning on her last trial trip.

The observer at Cape Henry reported that she passed out at 11:19 returning twenty minutes later. She reached the navy yard at 2 o'clock on her return.

The members of the trial board refused to tell the result of the trip or the time made.

They did not even report to Commodors Farquhar, commandant of the navy yard but left on the first train for Washing-

Powder and Cartridge Contracts. WASHINGTON, March 22.—At the Was Department bids were opened in the Buof Ordnance for supplying 470 bounds of brown prismatic powder for the seacoast fortification guns. There wer Company and the Dupont Powder Company. The former concern offered to supply the powder at the rate of 22.155 livery of the powder at the rate of 25,000 sounds weekly. The Dupont Company bid at 32.175 cents per pound for that to be delivered at the powder arsenal at Dover, N. J., and 34.175 cents per pound for

that to be aclivered at the Benecia arsenal, California. In a day or two the Ordnauce Bureau will award the contract for supplying the department 2,000,000 smokeless powder the department resolution of the ball cartridges of .30 calibre. Two concerns submitted bids for furnishing these cartridges, the Winchester Arms Company and the Union Metallic Company, both of Connecticut. Their bids were substantially alike and the contract probably will be divided between the two

The War Department has received information of the arrival at New York of the Steamer Nordkyd with 700 pounds of foreign smokeless powder aboard. This powder is for testing purposes at the Sandy Hook proving grounds.

Spain's Attitude Unknown.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 22.—Pending a decision on the government's final pol-icy, no overtures or intimations have been conveyed to the Spanish government there is no official knowledge as to how

The Spanish Minister, Senor Polo, re-quested to-day that a statement be made that reports attributing to him expres-sions on the subject of independence were

Wilmington Fortified.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 22.—Bat-tery I. Second Artillery, which reached Fort Caswell Saturday, is now fully prepared for serious work. The position commands at short range water ap proaches to Wilmington and is one of the strongest on the coast. Though already well fortified two additional ten-inch guns will soon be in position.

President Consults Leaders.

WASHINGTON, March 22—Senators Allison and Gorman saw the President to-day by appointment. The President desired to consult them regarding the present Cuban situation, as he has been consulting others. Little can be learned concerning the nature of the conference, but it is known that the President desires the views of leading men of both parties at this time on the situation, which is considered very critical.

Urges Veterans to Enlist. NORFOLK, VA., March 22.-Special.ommander Stebbins, of the Grand Army Department of Virginia and North Caro-lina, in a letter to his department com-manders has advised them to urge the veterans to enlist upon the first call for volunteers and to raise commands.

Has Senor Polo Reported? MADRID, March 22.—The Spanish government has received a dispatch from its Minister at Washington, Senor Polo

Bernabe, saying that the report of the United States naval court appointed to inquire into the loss of the battleship Maine holds that the explosion was of TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY

JACKSON LOST IN THIRD ROUND

Jim Jeffries Has an Easy Victory Over the Negro.

DUCKING TACTICS DIDN'T AVAIL'

The Defeated Pugilist Was Considered a Back Number and Had the Heavy Odds Against Him, But Was Warmly Received.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.-Jim Jeffries, of Los Angles, casily defeated Pe-ter Jackson, in the third round to-night at Woodward's Pavillion. Jackson did not make much of a showing after the first round. He displayed some of his old time eleverness in ducking and jabbing with his left, but could not land hard enough to stop the rushes of his younger and stronger antagonist. Jeffries showed con-siderable improvement in eleverness ussiderable improvement in cleverne ng his hands with both judgment and

ROUSING WELCOME. Jackson was given a rousing welcome when he stepped into the ring. It was his first public appearance here since 1881, when he fought a seventy-one round draw with Jim Corbett.

Woodward's Pavillion held the biggest crowd in its history to-night, and the

erowd in its history to-night, and the 8,000 enthusiasts gave a roar of welcome when the dusky champion came into Jackson, who had trained hard for the Jackson, who had trained hard for the fight, weighted about 200 pounds, and, al-though he had been considered by many as a back number was pronounced by physicians to be in perfect physical condi-

Jeffries weighed 215 pounds and was the

from 10 to 6 to 10 to 8.

Jeffries entered the ring first followed by Billy Delaney, DeWitt, VanCourt and Spider Kelly. His appearance was cheered, but three minutes later, when Peter Jackson stepped into the ring, followed by Patsy Corrigan, Vincent White and Young Mitchell, the house went wild.

At 3:09 o'clock Referee Jim McDonaid, the National League Base-ball umpire, summoned the men to the centre of the ring and gave them the usual instructions. rom 10 to 6 to 10 to 8.

At 9:10 the gong sounded and the men came up quickly with Jackson on the

BY ROUNDS.

Jeffries led with left, but fell short.

Then he rushed and again led with left, which Peter ducked. Jeffries landed lightly on the body with his right, receiving a similar blow in return. Jeffries missed as left swing for the body, but landed lightly on Juckson's head. Peter missed a left swing for the body, but landed lightly on Jackson's head. Peter put a straight left on Jeffries' body, following rapidly with right arm on body, left on face and right near heart. Then Jackson jabbed Jeffries hard in the face, receiving a hard left on body in return, but concluded the round with two good rights on Jeffries' body

SECOND.

In the second round Jeffries missed s In the second round Jeffries missed a hard swing and was jabbed in the fact with left. Jeffries then put a good left on Jackson's head and clinched. Peter coming in close, put in short right ove Jeffries' heart, jabbing Jeffries hard or the mouth with left, drawing blood, Jeffries then rushed, bu Peter cleverly evaded his swings Jeffries landed left on Jackson's law kneeking. Peter down. Jackson law kneeking. Peter down. Jackson law kneeking. Peter down. Jackson law kneeking. Jeffries landed left on Jackson's jaw, knocking Peter down. Jackson clambered to his feet, but went down again from a left swing just as the gong

THIRD.

In the third round Peter came up fresh considering the conclusion of the pre-eding round. Jeffries landed left and ceding round. Jeffries landed left and right on head, following with repetition of these on Jackson's jaw, and Peter went groggy. Jeffries knocked Peter against the ropes, swinging left on the jaw, Peter falling helplessly abainst the ropes. Thereupon the referee stopped the fight, giving the decision to Jeffries.

New Orleans Races.

New Orleans Races.

NEW ORLEANS March 22.—Eton Jacket furnished the sensation of to-day, dropping dead just as he passed under the wire in the third race. The weather was fine and the track fast. Summaries: First race—six and a half furlonss.—Lady Eilerslie @ to 50 first, Tachus (3 to 1 and 6 to 5) second, The Monon (4 to 1) third. Time, 1.224.

Second race—one mile.—Oninoor (16 to 1) first, Tole Simmons (3 to 2 and 4 to 5) second, Blitheful (9 to 1) third. Time, 1.424.

Third race—six furlongs.—Meddler (3 to Third race—six furlongs.—Meddler (3 to 1) first, Glenmoyne (even and 11 to 20) second, Dave S. (6 to 1) third. Time.

aurth race—one mile.—Eikin (3 to 1) t, What Next (3 to 1 and 4 to 5) and Judge Steadman (4 to 5) third. e, 1:42. second. Judge Steadman (4 to 5) third. Time, 1:42.

Pifth race—mile and an eighth.—Pete Kitchen (7 to 1) first. Dorothy HI. (11 to 5 and 4 to 5) second. Bizarre (50 to 1) third. Time, 1:55.

Sixth race—one mile.—Lulu (9 to 1) first. Nero (100 to 1 and 3 to 1) second, Kallatan (15 to 1) third. Time, 1:42%.

Wake Forest, 20: Augusta, 14.

WAKE FOREST, N. C., March 22-Augusta, Ga., league team to-day went down before Wake Forest College team. Wake Forest put a heavy batting team out, making twenty-seven hits, Augusta making ten.

The principal features of the game were
the heavy batting of both teams, home
runs of Coggin and H. Sams and the
three base hit of H. Sams.

The base has of the home learn was

hree base hit of H. Sams.
The outfielding of the bome team was perfect, accepting thirteen out of as many

Wake Forest, 20; Augusta, 14.

Duke of Talleyrand.

BERLIN, March 22.—The Duke of Talleyrand and Sagan is dead. He was born in Paris in 1811. His full title was Napoleon Louis de Talleyrand-Perigord. Duke of Talleyrand and of Valencay in France, and Duke of Sagan in Germany. France, and Duke of Sagan in Germany, and he was, as the head of his family, the only instance of a Frenchman who held that title in both countries. In recognition of his high rank and popularity in Germany, where he became a patriotic Prussian as occasion seemed to require, he received the Order of the Black Eagle from Emperor William II., in March, 1891, on the completion of his eightleth year. March, 1891, on the completion of his eightieth year. The Duke was the grand-nephew of the

diplomat and statesman whose famous diplomat and statesman whose name he bore.

The estate surrounding the Duke's chateau comprises 25,000 acres of land and 15,000 acres of forest. It was purchased in 1801 by Prince Talleyrand for the sum of \$500,000. At that time M. de Talleyrand the elder was Bonaparte's Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Battleship Special Coming.

ASHLAND, KY. March 22—Kentucky's battleship special has two magnificent Chesapeake and Ohio engines in front of the nine sleeping and private cars and is making schedule time. It reached Huntington on schedule time at 9:30 to-night and is due at Newport News to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M.

Killed by an Engine.

WELDON, N. C., March 22.—Special.— John Elam, a negro from Henderson, N. C., while walking on the Seaboard Air Line tracks here to-night about II o'clock, was struck by an engine and so badly injured that he died shortly after-wards.

many that have been cured of ovarian troubles by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-I WAS

and seen by women only.

I had let it go on until I could not sit up, and could not straighten my left leg. My physician gave me relief, but failed to cure me. Reading the testimonials of different women, telling what

the monthly flow, from inflammation of the

womb, and many other causes. The

slightest indication of trouble with the

ovaries should claim your instant attention. It will not cure itself, and

a hospital operation with all its ter-

rors may easily result from neglect.

ject can be secured without cost by

Mass., and asking for her advice.

MRS. CARRIE F. TREMPER, Lake, Ind.,

whose letter we print, is only one of

The fullest counsel on this sub-

writing to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn,

Your letter will be confidential

untold agony. The first dose helped me. And now, after using eight bottles of Vegetable Compound, one bottle of Blood Purifier, one box of Liver Pills, I am proud to say I am as well as I ever was. I might have saved a large doctor's bill and much suffering, had I tried your precious medicine in the beginning of my sickness. All in the village know I was not expected to live, when I had the first and second attacks. In fact, I had no hope until I began taking your Vegetable Compound. It has saved my life."

MRS. PINKHAM TALKS ABOUT OVARITIS.

Letter from Mrs. Carrie F. Tremper that all Suffering Women Should

Road.

Ovaritis or inflammation of the ovaries may result from sudden stopping of

IVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INS. CO., OF LIVERPOOL.

DER THE LAWS OF GREAT BRITAIN, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PUR-SUANCE TO THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.

GEO, W. HOYT, Deputy Manager. General Agent in Virginia, Davenport & Co.; residence, Richmond,

HENRY W. EATON, Resident Manager.

Organized or incorporated, 18%; commenced business in United States, 1818.

of lands mortgaged, exclusive of buildings and perish-Value of buildings mortgaged..... Total value of said mortgaged premises (carried inside) .. \$7,033.00

\$1,670,400 00 585,000 00 6,800 00 United States 4 per cent, bonds of 1925.... United States 4 per cent, bonds of 1997.... City of Richmond's per cent, bonds..... New York City gold 31-2 per cent, bonds. City of Beston 5 per cent. bonds ...

\$2,576,250 00 \$2,576,250 00 Total market value 540,141 35

Aggregate amount of all assets of the company, stated at their actual value.....

III.-LIABILITIES. claims for adjusted and unpaid losses due and to be-Gross

Net amount of unpaid losses.

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks, running one year or less from date of policy, including interest premiums on perpetual fire risks, 41/24, 218.91; unearned premiums (30 per cent.).

11.762.168 42

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks, running more than one year from date of policy, \$\$1,239,725.97; unearned premiums (pro rata).

\$2,127,578.83

Total unearned premiums as computed above (carried out).

Amount reclaimable by the insured on perpetual firs insurance policies being 050 per cent. of the premium or deposit received.

Net premium reserve and all other liabilities, except capital, under the life insurance or any other special department.

All other demands against the company, absolute and contingent, due and to become due, admitted and contested, viz. Commissions, brokeringe, and other charges due and to become due to agonts and brokering, on premiums paid and in course of collection, \$12.35.67; return premiums \$72.00; reinsurance, \$2.257.33; due for contingent commission, \$40.700; reserve for liabilities, contingent, \$20.000.

IV .- RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

. 1,887,749 71 Net cash actually received for premiums (carried out).

Received for interest on mortgages.

Received for interest and dividends on stacks and bonds, collateral loans, and from all other sources.

Income received from all other sources.

Deposit premiums (less 5 per cent.) received for perpetual fire risks (carried inside).

56,500 40

Aggregate amount of income actually received during the year in cash \$5,487,596 54

Gross amount actuary pard for losses (including \$55,525.1a losses occurring in previous years). Deduct all amounts actually received for salvage (whether on losses of the last or of previous years), \$55,218.1, and all amounts actually received for reinsurance in other companies, \$347,835.82. Total deduction.

Aggregate amount of actual disbursements during the year, in cash., \$4,316,889 37

BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA DURING THE YEAR.

(Signed.) GEO, W. HOYT, Deputy Manager, State of New York; city of New York-ss. (Seal of Commissioner.) Sworn to January 31, 1888, before GEO. H. COREY, Commissioner.

suffering from congestion of the ovaries, misplacement of the womb, irregular, scanty, and painful menstruation, also kidney trouble.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for them, I decided to give it a trial. I had almost given up hopes, as I had suffered

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER M. 1897, OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL, ORGANIZED UN-

II.-ASSETS. Value of real estate owned by the company.

Leans on mortgage (duly recorded and being the first liens on the fee simple) upon which not more than one year's interest is due.

Interest due on all said mortgage loans, 35,126.25; interest accrued thereon, 342,717.92. 2,674,371 14

ACCOUNT OF BONDS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND OF THIS STATE AND OF OTHER STATES, AND ALSO OF BONDS OF INCORPORATED CITIES IN THIS STATE, AND OF ALL OTHER BONDS AND STOCKS, OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY.

16,374 48

Total gross amount of claims for losses.... Deduct reinsurance thereon.

Aggregate amount of all liabilities.....

V .- DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR. Gross amount actually paid for losses (including \$535,522.15,

Net amount paid during the year for losses.

Paid for commission or brokerage.
Paid for salaries, fees, and all other charges of officers, clerks, agents, and all other employees.

Paid for State and local taxes in this and other States.

All other payments and expenditures.

Amount of deposit premium returned during the year on perpetual fire risk (carried inside).

\$12,01.69

(Seal of Commissioner.) (Signed.) HY. W. EATON, Resident Manager,

DAVENPORT & CO., Agents,

1113 East Main Street,

Colonel Frank, it is understood, will recommend to the department the immediate erection of heavy and rapid-fire guns on the Rip-Raps, just opposite the terday having sent such dispatch. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All drugsists refund the money if it fail to cure, 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.